EFRAG update on European Sustainability Reporting Standards (ESRS)

European Federation of Building Societies

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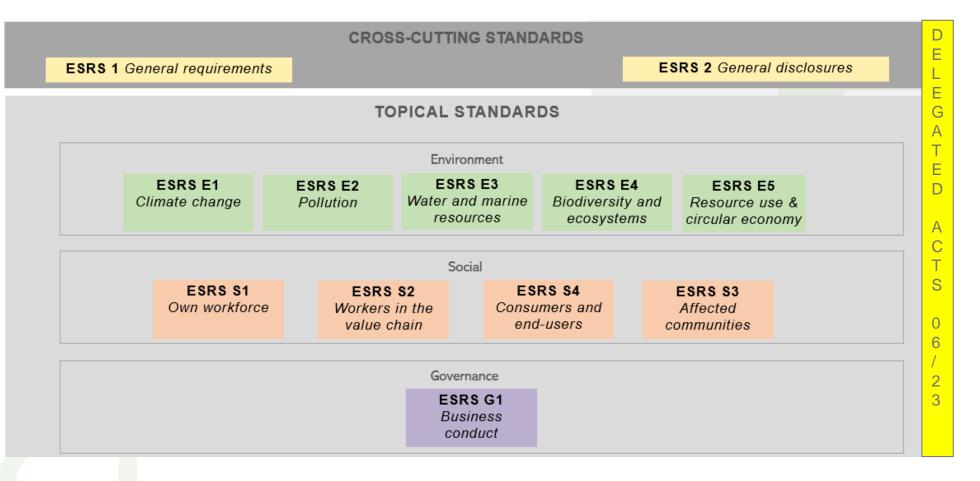


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The package of ESRS standards released in November 2023

A first set of sector-agnostic ESRS (proposed as « technical advice » to the EC)



84 Disclosure Requirements

Qualitative or quantitative

Double materiality

- Financial materiality
- Impact materiality

4 pillars

- Governance
- Strategy
- Impacts, risks, and opportunities management
- Metrics and targets



The accompanying documents

- ✓ Cover letter
- ✓ Due process note
- Explanatory note, including its Annex, of how draft ESRS take account of the initiatives and legislation listed in Article 29b CSRD
- ✓ EFRAG's Cover Letter on the Cost-benefit analysis of the First Set of draft ESRS and Cost-benefit analysis of the First Set of draft ESRS prepared by CEPS and Milieu
- ✓ First set of 12 draft ESRS to be issued as delegated Acts
- Appendix I Disclosure Requirements, Application Guidance index
- Appendix II CSRD requirements for the development of sustainability reporting standards and their coverage by the draft ESRS
- Appendix III Datapoints in accordance with EU laws in the ESRS
- Appendix IV TCFD Recommendations and ESRS reconciliation table
- Appendix V IFRS Sustainability Standards and ESRS reconciliation table
- Appendix VI Acronyms and glossary of terms

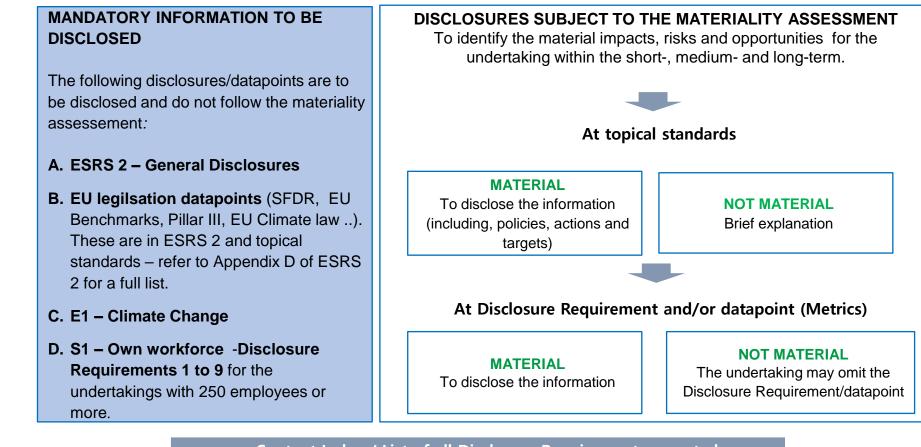


Simplifications and key changes from the EDs

1. Materiality approach	 The rebuttable presumption mechanism has been replaced by materiality approach, combined with a list of mandatory items Mandatory datapoints: ESRS 2, EU regulation datapoints (i.e. SFDR, Pillar 3 for banks, EU benchmark regulation), ESRS E1, for 250+ employees: S1.1/1.9 Flexibility granted to disclose the outcome of the double materiality assessment Value chain refocused wording with emphasis on materiality 	
2. Significant streamlining of datatpoints	 The number of disclosure requirements reduced from 136 in the April EDs to 82 (inc enhancing aligment with ISSB/GRI) Number of datapoints reduced by nearly half 	
3. Final text of the CSRD June 2022	 3-year transitional provisions for value chain information "Value chain cap" to be implemented in the LSME standard Governance factors limited to governance of sustainability matters. Merger of G1 into ESRS 2. 	
4. Global alignment	 Significantly increased alignment with IFRS and GRI 	
5. Transitional provisions	 Value chain postponed to take account of the difficulties companies may face in obtaining information, especially in the first few years. "Phase in" from 1 to 3 years for a number of datapoints 	
	(inc financial effects) to increase time for difficult areas	

Approach to materiality and matters to be covered





Content Index / List of all Disclosure Requirements reported
 When a tonic (ESPS) is not material, brief explanation required

• When a topic (ESRS) is not material, brief explanation required

Value chain (1/2)



- Incorporation of value chain information not required for each disclosure
- Language has been refocused to include value chain information <u>only when specific provisions in the topical</u> <u>standards require to do so</u> in the preparation of a specific disclosure and, in general, <u>limited to impacts, risk or</u> <u>opportunity that are material.</u>
- Value chain: Information about the reporting undertaking provided in the sustainability statements <u>shall be</u> <u>extended</u> to include information on the material impacts, risks and opportunities connected to the undertaking through its direct and indirect business relationships in the upstream and/or downstream value chain. (ESRS 1 para 67)
- **Impacts** include those caused or contributed to by the undertaking and those which are directly linked to the undertaking's own operations, products, or services through its business relationships



Value chain (2/2)



- **Policies, actions and targets,** the undertaking's reporting shall include value chain information to the extent that those policies, actions and targets do <u>involve</u> actors in the value chain.
- **Metrics**, in many cases, in particular for environmental matters for which proxies are available, the undertaking may be able to comply with the reporting requirements without collecting data from the actors in its value chain, for example, when calculating the undertaking's GHG Scope 3 emissions.
- Most of the metrics in the sector-agnostic standards are limited to the own operations (no value chain).

ESRS 2 – General disclosure



GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS	GOVERNANCE
BP-1: General basis for preparation of the sustainability	GOV-1: The role the administrative ,
satements	management and supervisory bodies
BP-2: Disclosures in relation of specific circumstances	GOV-2: Information provided to and
✓ Time horizons	sustainability matters addressed by the
✓ Value chain estimation	undertaking's administrative, management and
✓ Sources of estimation and outcome uncertainty	supervisory bodies
✓ Changes in preparation or presentation	GOV-3: Integration of sustainability-related
✓ Reporting errors in prior period	incentive schemes
\checkmark Disclosures stemming from local legislation or	GOV-4: Statement on sustainability due diligence
generally accepted sustainability reporting	GOV-5: Risk management and internal controls over
pronouncements	sustainability reporting
✓ Incorporation by reference	GRI

- Architecture aligned with IFRS
- IFRS S2 entirely incorporated
- Significant streamlined and reduction of granularity

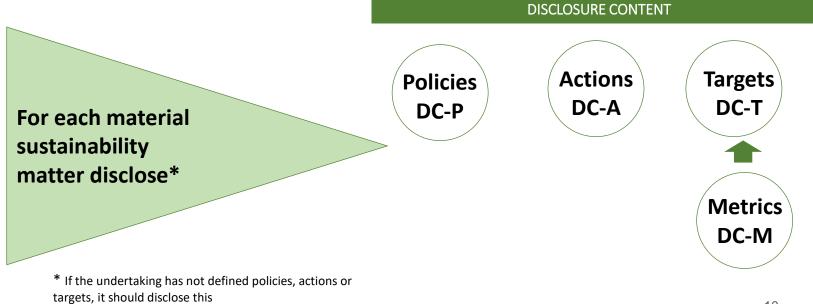
ESRS 2 – General disclosure



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	DAT	EGY
<u> </u>	NAL	LUI

MPACTS, RISKS & OPPORTUNITIES MANAGEMENT

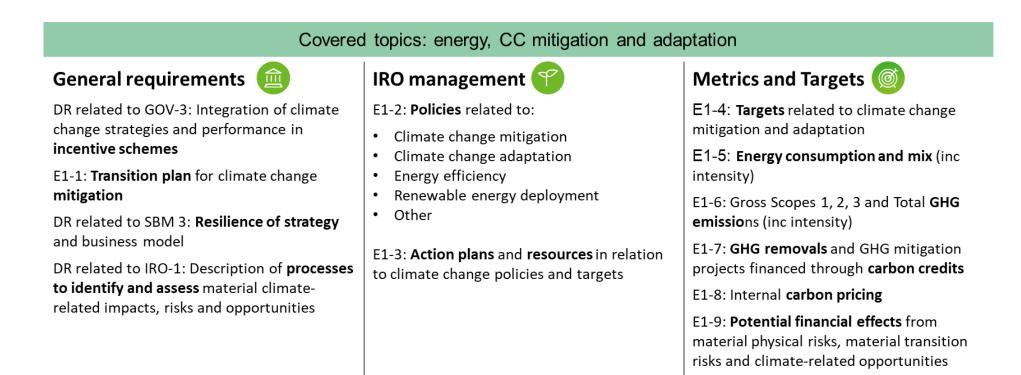
SBM-1: Market position, strategy, business model(s)	IRO-1: Description of the processes to identify
SBM-2: Interests and views of stakeholders	opportunities
SBM-3: Interaction of risks and opportunities and GRI	IRO-2: Disclosure Requirements in ESRS by the
the undertaking's strategy and business model	undertaking's sustainabiliity statement



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ESRS E1– Climate change - example of structure of all the other drafts

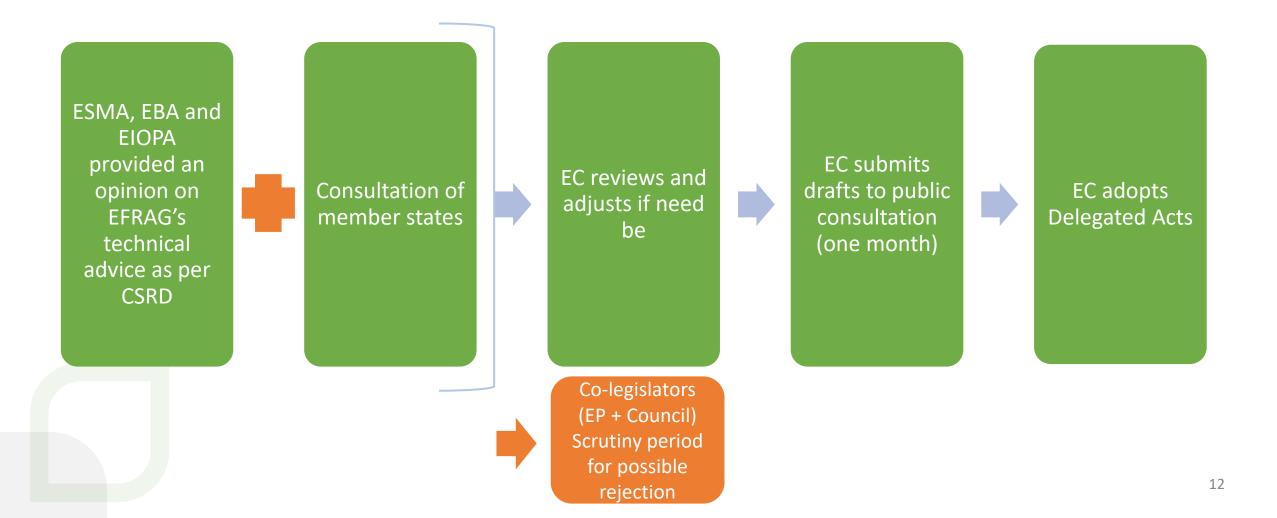
ESRS E1 is a climate standard aligned with IFRS S2 and TCFD





Adoption process

Process until Delegated Acts



The translation of reporting into digital format



- Digital taxonomy underway at EFRAG under XBRL
- Tagging to be available in line with reporting timeline, link with ESAP
- Tagging aligned with standard structure:

Level 1	Disclosure requirement level
Level 2	• (« nested »): a, b, c
Level 3	• (« nested »): (i), (ii), (iii) (when required by ESRS)

• Therefore, 3 levels of digital granularity allowing for 3 levels of reading

Implementation support



Non authoritative guidance and implementation questions

3 deliverables ongoing: Materiality assessment, Value chain, Inventory of datapoints

- Opening soon a channel for implementation questions
- Available on EFRAG Website
- Prioritised over sector work!





Standard-setting activities

SET 2 (precise timing under consideration)

- Sector classification: SEC 1
- Sector-specific standards: standards for EU companies in 4 sectors: Agriculture,

Mining Quarrying and Coal, Oil and Gas, Road Transport

• **SMEs:** Standard for listed SMEs (LSME) + Voluntary guidance for non-listed SMEs







Standard-setting activities

4 high-impact sectors: Energy Production, Motor Vehicles, Food/Beverage, Textiles

- Financial institutions (banking, insurance, asset management)
- The remaining 30 sector-specific standards
- Non-EU parent company standard for third-party groups with branches and subsidiaries within the EU over a certain threshold + Amendment to Set 1 in

order to implement the 'cap' on value chain information

Working on interoperability (1/2)



- 2 objectives:
 - ✓ Building on and contributing to global sustainability reporting progress
 - ✓ EU reporting entities: a single sustainability report

ESRS providing the EU data infrastructure and is more comprehensive:

- Double materiality
- EU sustainable finance regulation for financial services (SFDR, Pillar 3)
- Other EU regulation and international human rights instruments (for example, Climate law)
- Broader stakeholders

Working on interoperability (2/2)



International Sustainability Standards Board (ISSB)

- Meetings of the SSAF, the JWG + bilateral meetings at management level and bilateral meetings of climate experts: continued dialogue and cooperation
- Comments received: great desire for interoperability ESRS and IFRS S
- Tentative decisions:
 - Alignment of concepts: financial materiality and value chain in ESRS 1
 - Alignment of content of disclosure objectives in ESRS 2
 - Confirmation of additions to IFRS S2 in ESRS E1
 - o Changes to the Architecture
- Differences in timeline and scope at this stage

Global Reporting Initiative (GRI)



- Technical cooperation from the beginning to seek alignment on key concepts: impact materiality, due diligence approach ...
- Comments received and bilateral meetings underway

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