Agency for the Housing Mortgage Lending



The federal program of residential mortgage loan refinancing in the Russian Federation

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Berlin - 23 September 2004



The concept of development of residential mortgage lending in Russia

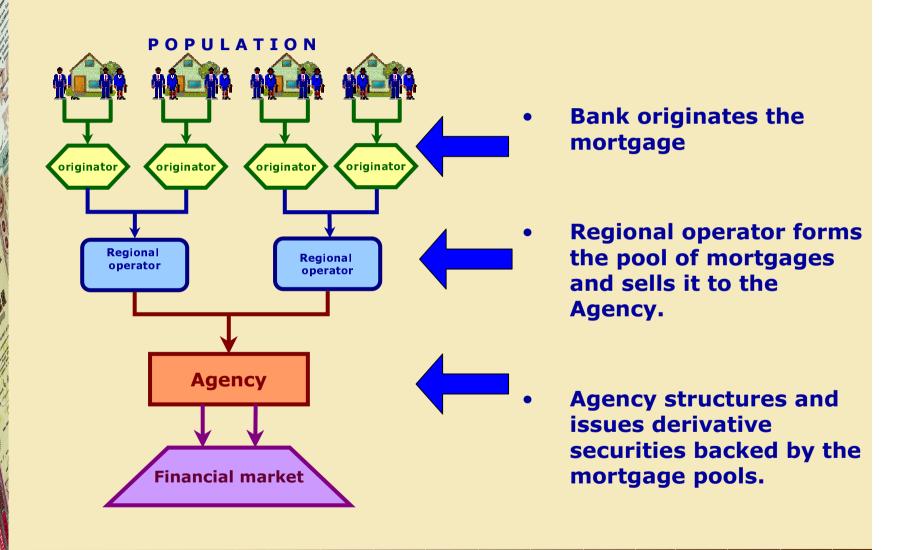


Government program of housing affordability.

- Complex legislation improvement in 2004.
- The Agency was created by the Government of the Russian Federation specifically for the purpose of development of the mortgage lending system in Russia.
- Bi-level market structure:
 - Primary mortgage loan market
 - Secondary market of Mortgage-backed securities

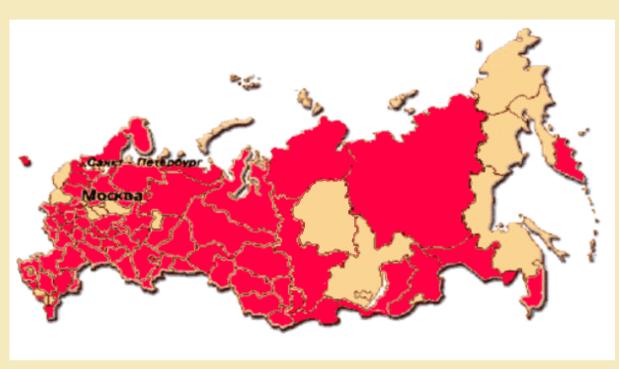












- In 2004 the Agency has entered into the refinancing agreements with 68 regional agencies
- In 2005 the Agency plans to expand its activity to all 89 regions
- Uniform standards and infrastructure

Agency mortgage loan key points



Currency –

Russian rubles

• Term -

up to 27 years

• Fixed interest rate - 15% p.a.

• LTV -

up to 70%

Payment to income – up to 35%

Mortgage loan refinancing volume dynamics (cumulative result)





- Monthly refinancing grows dynamically:
 - year 2003 on 5 000%
 - during 9 month of the year 2004 on 470%
- Portfolio of mortgage loans:
 - September 2004 US\$110 million
 - December 2004 US\$ 190 million
 - December 2005 US\$ 570 million



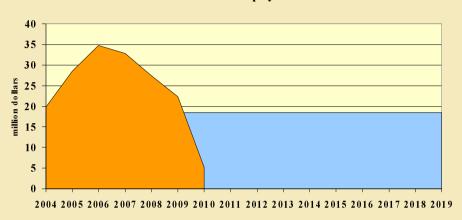


Weighted average term to maturity	16 years
Expected life	Up to 6 years
Weighted average interest rate	15% p.a.
Average LTV	56,3%
Average loan size	US\$ 12,5 thousand
Average size of property pledged	51,9 square meters
Average value of property pledged	US\$ 22,3 thousand
Average family income	US\$14 600 per year

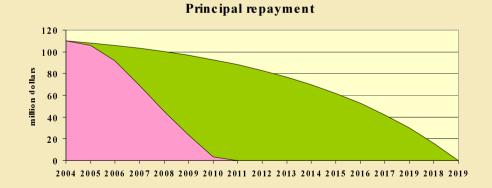




Planned and fact payments



- Accelerated loan amortization
- 400% PSA (preliminary estimation)
- Expected term of a portfolio 6 years







bonds guarai	cing of a portfolio with 6-ye covered by the federal ntees	ear 12% p.a
+ Agenc	y margin	1% p.a.
+ Servic	ing fee	2% p.a.
= Agenc	y refinancing rate	15% p.a.
	age lending interest rate	15% p.a.
=> loan orig	ination fee	1%-3% up-front

Prospects of mortgage lending



Goals of Government of Russia:

	2005	2010
Mortgage loans outstanding (US\$ billion)	2,0	12,0
Number of borrowers (thousands)	150	1 000

By 2010 it is expected:

Mortgage loans outstanding/GDP	5,0%
Borrowers/households ratio	6,8%



Measures on increase of availability of mortgage loans



- As the sovereign rating increases, the interest rate falls
- As the rate falls and the mortgage derivative instruments market matures, average loan term increases
- progressive payment structure for first time home-buyers
 - state subsidies for young families and state employees
- equal installments payment structure for families who improve their living conditions

Mortgage loan refinancing



- Weakness of the Russian bond market
- Corporate bonds up to 3 years
- Government bonds up to 15 years
 - **⇒** Long-term mortgage lending demands state participation
 - → Agency transforms the short-term capital into long-term loans with the support of the government



Debut of Mortgage-backed securities in 2005



- On the Russian or international capital markets
- For the sum of US\$50-100 million
- Additional credit support
 - Subordinated structure
 - Overcollatarization
 - Buy-back of default loans