Bridging legal deficits

Strengthening of housing legislation by a new model of housing financing

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The Hen or the egg

- → Different speed
- → Only vaguely the same direction
- → Different preconditions



Privatisation of the housing stock

- Privatisation law relatively easy to introduce
- To give capital in the hand of individuals
- Privatisation has stuck in many cases half way
- Owners mostly not able to convert property to capital
- Market obstructions?
- Financing obstructions?
- Legal obstructions?



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Legal Deficits in SEE-Countries

- → Legal relations between owners in multi-storey buildings
 - w owners, any kind of association of owners and the public
 - in some countries dwellings privatised but not buildings
 - in some countries associations of owners as legal bodies
 - in some countries housing cooperatives
 - in resent years laws on condominium



Legal Deficits in SEE-Countries

- → Legal relations between owners in multi-storey buildings
- Management and maintainance
 - devision of common costs not specified sufficiently
 - massive underinvestment
 - management of multi storey housing estates is a dull and difficult business with quite limited prospects of profit
 - privatisation of management companies with mediocre success



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Legal Deficits in SEE-Countries

- → Legal relations between owners in multi-storey buildings
- Management and maintainance
- → Improvement of private capital market
 - no sufficient supply of long-term low interest rate financing
 - reasons?
 legal deficits in registration system, registering of mortgage collateral, inefficient repossession procedures, valuation of property, housing developer contract law etc.
 - reasons?
 deficits in financing: funding of capital, insufficient refinancing instruments, low saving rates, insecurity etc.



Legal Deficits in SEE-Countries

- → Legal relations between owners in multi-storey buildings
- → Management and maintainance
- → Improvement of private capital market
- Housing supply for lower income groups and young households



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Legal Deficits in SEE-Countries

- → Legal relations between owners in multi-storey buildings
- → Management and maintainance
- → Improvement of private capital market
- Housing supply for lower income groups and young households
- → Introduction of schemes of housing subsidies
 - no western country goes without housing subsidies in any form
 - only make sense, if closly related to private capital market
 - efficiency of a limited-profit housing sector



Legal Deficits in SEE-Countries

- → Legal relations between owners in multi-storey buildings
- → Management and maintainance
- → Improvement of private capital market
- Housing supply for lower income groups and young households
- → Introduction of schemes of housing subsidies
- **➡** Enforcement of planning and building regulations



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A financing instrument with bridging function: A housing investment bank for CEE/SEE countries

- → Acquisition of guarantees
- → Capital provision
- Provision of capital through local banks
- → Advisory services
- → Temporary interest in banks
- Own projects



Conclusion: what can be achieved?

- → Social stabilisation
- → Stabilisation of migratory pressures
- → Stable employment
- → Gradual building of national wealth
- → Forming of private capital
- → Strengthening industry and the craft trades
- → Strengthening local business cycles and
- ➡ Establishing an efficient SME sector



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